SENATOR ALFONSE M D'AMATO CHAIRMAN Oct 22 5 29 PN '96

JOHN D HEUBUSCH EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

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October 21, 1996

# VIA HAND DELIVERY

MUR 4505

Honorable Lee Ann Elliott Chairman Federal Election Commission 999 E Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20463

Re: Amendment to Complaint Against the Democratic National Committee and the "Torricelli for U.S. Senate/Bob Torricelli for New Jersey" Committee

# Dear Madam Chairman:

On October 10, 1996, I filed with the Federal Election Commission (the "Commission"), pursuant to the authority found at 2 U.S.C. ¶437g(a)(4)(A), a formal complaint against the above cited Respondents. Pursuant to 11 C.F.R. ¶111.4 of the Commission's Regulations, I herewith amend that complaint by adding: (1) a new allegation against the AFL-CIO/COPE committee regarding the airing of another so-called "issue" advertisement in support of Democrat Senate nominee Bob Torricelli and (2) additional information for the Commission's review regarding the coordination of a common media strategy by Respondents with respect to the airing of so-called "issue" advertisements by Respondent DNC in support of Democrat Senate nominee Bob Torricelli.

(1) It has come to my attention that, on or about October 17, 1996, the AFL-CIO/COPE committee began to air a political advertisement in New Jersey which, upon information and belief, is referred to as "Medicare Is Issue: Zimmer/Torricelli" by Respondent AFL-CIO/COPE. A "story-board" for this advertisement is attached and made part of this complaint as "Exhibit 7." This advertisement is currently being aired on station KYW-TV in Philadelphia, whose signal reaches all of southern New Jersey. I ask that the Commission add the AFL-CIO/COPE committee as a formal Respondent to the complaint filed on October 10, 1996 with respect to the financing of the advertisement referred to as "Medicare Is Issue: Zimmer/Torricelli."

This advertisement contains a clear "electioneering message", as that term is defined by the Commission, by referring with specificity in the text of the advertisement to "voter information", "the candidates" and their votes in Congress on the Medicare funding issue. This advertisement also clearly identifies, in the text of the advertisement, two federal candidates by name, Congressmen Torricelli and Zimmer, both of whom are their respective party's nominees for election to the Senate in the November 5, 1996 general election. Having employed an "electioneering message" and having clearly identified two federal candidates in the text of the advertisement, Respondent AFL-CIO/COPE committee must deem, by operation of law, the full cost of preparing and airing this advertisement, to be a "contribution" to the Torricelli committee on behalf of the Respondent AFL-CIO/COPE committee. The legal analysis in support of this assertion can be found in the above referenced complaint of October 10, 1996.

However, upon information and belief, Respondent AFL-CIO/COPE committee mistakenly deems this advertisement to be an exempt "issue" or "legislative advocacy" advertisement. Upon information and belief, Respondent AFL-CIO/COPE committee is paying for the costs of preparation and air time using non-federal union treasury funds. Utilization of any non-federal funds to pay any of the costs associated with this advertisement is prohibited by the Act at 2 U.S.C. §441b. In addition, the disclaimer used by Respondent AFL-CIO/COPE committee in this advertisement does not meet the Commission's standard as set forth at 11 C.F.R. ¶110.11(a)(1).

(2) As the Commission will recall, the complaint filed on October 10, 1996, alleged a series of specific violations of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act") with respect to the financing of television advertisements by the Respondent DNC in connection with the general election campaign of Congressman Bob Torricelli, the Democrat nominee for election to the United States Senate from New Jersey. That complaint alleged violations of 2 U.S.C. §§441a(a)(2), 441a(d), 441b(a), 441d, 434b and 11 C.F.R. ¶110.11(a)(2) with respect to one or more television advertisements, mistakenly deemed to be exempt "issue" or "legislative advocacy" advertisements by the Respondents.

These so-called "issue" or "legislative advocacy" advertisements continue to be aired in New Jersey by Respondents DNC. Yesterday, the New York <u>Times</u> reported, in a news article headed "TV Stations' Logs Show a Spending Gap in Ads for N.J. Senate Race", that the Respondents are coordinating their media strategy so as to have the Respondent DNC place so-called "issue" advertising in lieu of political advertising prepared and aired by the Respondent Torricelli committee so as to allow "the Torricelli campaign to save its resources for later in the contest."

In addition, the New York <u>Times</u> article uses the advertising logs of the six major New York City television stations to show that the media strategy of the Respondents was carefully coordinated through their common media buyer, Barbara Abar of Abar Hutton media in Alexandria, Virginia. A copy of the New York <u>Times</u> article of October 20, 1996 is





attached, as "Exhibit 8", for your review. I specifically ask that it be made a part of the Commission's review of this matter.

Because time is of the essence and because the violations of the Act complained of on October 10, 1996 obviously continue, I implore the Commission to immediately initiate an investigation of this complaint and order the Respondents to withdraw these advertisements and terminate all present and future Television "buys" in support of these advertisements.

Respectfully

Craig M. E. e, Esq.

General Counsel

National Republican Senatorial

Committee

425 Second Street, N.E.

Washington, D.C. 20002

**Exhibits Attached** 

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22<sup>n4</sup> day

of October, 1996.

Notary Public

My Commission expires

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VIDEO MONITORIN **SERVICES** OF AMERICA, L.P.

330 WEST 42ND STREET. NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10036 (212) 736-2010

PRODUCT: AFL-CIO LENGTH:

:30

MARKET: Philadelphia PROGRAM:

CODE #: TITLE:

9610-4007 Medicare Is Issue: Zimmer/ Torricelli

18:16 430225

**KYW** 

STATION: DATE: 10/17/96

TIME: 10:20 AM



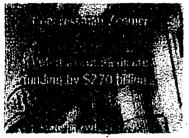
MALE ANNCR: What's important to America's families?



WOMAN: I'm very concerned about Medicara.



I just can't afford to pay anymore. (SFX: TYPEWRITER EFFECT AS WORDS APPEAR ON THE SCREEN)



ANNCR: And where do the candidates stand?



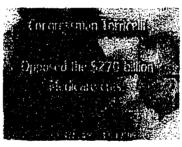
Congressman Dick Zimmer voted to cut Medicare funding by \$270 billion dollars.



According to the Congressional Budget Office, the plan would've caused



Medicare premiums to double.



Congressman Bob Torricelli



opposed



those



Medicare cuts.



When it comes to Medicare there is a difference. Call and find out.

ALSO AVAILABLE IN COLOR VIDEO CASSETTE

# TV Stations' Logs Show a Spending Gap in Ads for N.J. Senate Race

V...

# By ALAN FINDER

tive Richard A. Zimmer, in crucial televi-In the first six weeks of the campaign for an open United States Senate seat in New Jersey, Representative Robert G. Torricelli significantly outspent his rival, Representasion advertising.

advertising logs at each of New York City's Mr. Torricelli, a Democrat, and the national Democratic Party spent nearly twice as much as Mr. Zimmer, a Republican, and early last week, an examination of political the Republican party on television commer-

six major commercial television stations

If he had not received help from the Republican National Committee, Mr. Zimmer would have been outspent by Mr. Torricelli by a ratio of more than 4-to-1.

In all, Mr. Torricelli and the Democrats stations' records showed, and Mr. Zimmer broadcast \$3.4 million worth of television ads in New York in the first six weeks, and the Republicans spent \$1.9 million.

Despite spending more than \$5 million on plaints about the content and quantity of the ads -- both candidates are about to dramati-

cally increase their ad purchases.

must also advertise, since New Jersey does That is true, as well, in Philadelphia, where statewide candidates in New Jersey not have its own major commercial sta-

peared to be outspending Mr. Zimmer considerably, according to records at the four In Philadelphia, Mr. Torricelli also apmajor network affiliates there.

be able to close the gap by making huge purchases of commercial time during the has typically bought time only a few days in It is not known whether Mr. Zimmer will

advance during the contest, both to hide his advertising strategies from his opponent and because he has struggled to catch with Mr. Torricelli's early lead in fu

raising.

Mr. Zimmer's campaign reported last
week that, as of Oct. 1, it had \$3.7 million on hand; most of that either has been spent, or will be spent, on television advertising.

While Mr. Zimmer's plans are unknown, it sharply increased its spending on television is clear that the Torricelli campaign has ads for the closing weeks of the campaign -

# In TV Ads for Senate Race, a Spending Gap

Continued From Page 33

a disconcerting thought, no doubt, to television viewers who have already begun complaining that both candidates' commercials have been too negative, too nasty and too omnipresent.

Mr. Torricelli has contracted to spend more than \$1.8 million for ads on New York's two top-rated stations, WNBC-TV (Channel 4) and WABC-TV (Channel 7), during the last three weeks of the Senate campaign. He had already spent about \$1.5 million on ads broadcast by the two stations during the first six weeks of the contest, according to the stations' records.

Altogether, Mr. Torricelli will spend at least \$4.6 million in commercials on New York television stations by the end of the race, and more than \$1.9 million on Philadelphia stations, for combined television spending of more than \$6.5 million, the logs show. And that does not count additional spending for commercials on radio and cable television stations, nor the \$750,000 the Democratic National Committee spent on his behalf.

Mr. Zimmer has spent less than \$2 million on the 10 major stations in both cities so far, of which \$620,000 was in Philadelphia. The Republican National Committee alone spent nearly \$1.4 million for ads attacking Mr. Torricelli on New York stations. Some Republican consultants anticipate a big surge in spending by the Republican candidate before Election Day on Nov. 5.

"My guess is that the Zimmer people have been somewhat parsimonious in the early days, so that they can spend more in the closing weeks of the campaign," said Stephen A. Salmore, a professor of political science at the Eagleton Institute of Politics at Rutgers University and a Republican campaign consultant.

Whether the stepped-up advertising drive will actually aid either candidate in the tight contest is also in

Gov. Christine Todd Whitman and former Gov. Tom Kean have warned both candidates that the strident tone of their commercials may simply turn off voters. In interviews Friday in a diner in Edison, N.J., several people said they were thinking of not votting for either candidate

because of the contest's ugly tone.

But political consultants believe that saturating television airwaves in the weeks before a statewide election is the only way to grab the voters' attention, particularly for candidates like Mr. Zimmer and Mr. Torricelli, who are not known throughout New Jersey.

"You want the average person to see an ad 10 times," Mr. Salmore said. "You've really got to see it for it to sink in."

The Zimmer and Torricelli campaigns appear to concur.

But both candidates noted last week the steep cost of television advertising in New York and Philadelphia, two of the nation's five biggest television markets. They are also paying to reach a vast broadcast audience in which the majority of viewers do not even live in New Jersey.

This week, for example, Mr. Torricelli has purchased time for a 30-

Since Labor Day, Torricelli has spent nearly twice as much as Zimmer on ads.

second ad during the popular NBC situation comedy "Friends." It will cost \$40,000. Next week, he will spend \$58,000 to broadcast a 30-second spot during "Seinfeld."

His commercials during the "Today" show cost \$1,500 each. Mr. Torricelli has also bought 30 seconds for an ad during "Lois and Clark" on WABC-TV tonight for \$25,000. Commercials that will appear daily this week at the end of Channel 7's 11 P.M. news show will cost \$7,500 each.

Both candidates have been purchasing time almost around the clock. Since early this month, each has broadcast commercials during the morning news shows, occasionally during midday talk shows and soap operas, and then again during the early evening news, the television magazine shows that are broadcast between 7 P.M. and 8 P.M. and during the late local news shows and

late-night talk shows. They have advertised, too, on prime time, but more selectively, because of the high cost.

In the final weeks before the election, the Torricelli campaign appears to have increased its purchasing of prime-time ads.

Some of the New York stations' logs also provided telling evidence of the connection between the advertising purchased by the candidates and commercials paid by their national committees, which under Federal election rules are supposed to be independent of the candidates.

The political parties' ads are officially labeled "issues oriented," and under the Federal rules they cannot openly advocate for the election or defeat of a candidate. What they do, of course, is advocate indirectly for the defeat of an opponent by sharply attacking him.

The pretense of independence was undercut by the political advertising logs at WABC-TV.

The Torricelli campaign originally contracted to buy \$288,400 in ads on Channel 7 for the week of Oct. 7 to Oct. 14. The campaign later canceled \$215,000 of those ads, many of them expensive commercials that had been scheduled to be broadcast during prime-time shows like "20/20," the ABC Sunday Night Movie and the network's block of situation comedies on Tuesday.

About the same time that the Torricelli campaign dropped these ads, the Democratic National Committee stepped in to help. The committee bought \$157,600 in commercial time on WABC-TV for the same week in October, to broadcast the supposedly independent "issues" ads. Most of the Democrats' purchases involved time on the very same prime-time shows that the Torricelli campaign had just canceled. That allowed the Torricelli campaign to save its resources for later in the contest.

Further indicating the Torricelli campaign's connection with the Democratic Party is that the same media buyer purchased the ads for both the campaign and the Democratic National Committee: Barbara Abar of Abar Hutton Media in Alexandria, Va. Ms. Abar did not return several messages left on Friday afternoon seeking comment.